

Part No. P10501CT - A (Liquid)

Revision Date: 9/24/2020 Supersedes Date: 8/10/2017 US Page: 1/10

# **Undercoating In A Can - Rubberized**

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

# **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Product Identifier** 1.1

**Product Name** : Undercoating In A Can - Rubberized

**Manufacturer Product Number** : P10501CT - A

#### **Other Means of Identification**

Synonyms : VM&P Naphtha

**Chemical Family** : PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

#### Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against 1.3

**Recommended Use** : Corrosion Preventive Compound **Restrictions on Use** : Uses other than those described above

#### **Under Coating In A Can Supplier Details**

**Undercoating In A Can Manufacturer Details Company Name** Daubert Chemical Company Undercoating In A Can

**Address** 

4700 S. Central Avenue Chicago, IL 60638 454 South Main Street, Wilkes-Barre, PA 18703

**United States** 

570-822-1151 708-496-7350

SDS@Daubert.com **Email** 

#### 1.5 **Emergency Phone Number**

**Phone Number** 

**Emergency Number** Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

# **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200:

GHS Classification: Flammable Liquid Category 1; Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2; Serious Eye Damage/Eye

Irritation Category 2A; Carcinogenicity Category 2; Reproductive Toxicity Category 2; Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure Category 2; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Category 2; Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure

Category 3; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Category 3

#### **Label Elements**

**GHS Hazard Symbols** 







Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** : Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

: Causes skin irritation

: Causes serious eye irritation

: May cause respiratory irritation



Unclassified Hazards (HNOC)::

Response:

**Precautionary Statements: Prevention:** 

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

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- : May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- : Suspected of causing cancer.
- : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- : Toxic to aquatic life
- : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- : None Identified
- : Obtain special instructions before use.
- : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- : Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
- : Use only non-sparking tools.
- : Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- : Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- : Wash thoroughly after handling.
- : Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid release to the environment.
- : Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- : If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
- : If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- : If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- : Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
- : Specific treatment (see on this label).
- : If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- : In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
- : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- : Store locked up.
- : Dispose of contents/container to a suitable disposal site in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

### 2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : No data available

# **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### 3.2 Composition

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS#	%
Toluene	None	108-88-3	30 - 50
Acetone	None	67-64-1	10 - 30



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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	% wt*	Classification
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	None	64742-95-6	5 - 10
Hydrotreated distillate, light	VM&P Naphtha	68410-97-9	3 -7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	None	95-63-6	1 - 5
Xylene	None	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1
Cumene	None	98-82-8	0.1 - 1

One or more hazardous ingredient(s) is claimed as a trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. The hazards of this (these) ingredient(s) are given on this SDS.

Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion:

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES**

advice.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to

prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention and

If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical

monitor the eye daily as advised by your physician.

Seek medical advice if symptoms persist

**Skin Contact:** Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation

develops or persists. Thoroughly wash or discard clothing and shoes before reuse. Remove contaminated

clothing and continue flushing with water.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS.

Induce vomiting as a last measure. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed:

Inhalation:

 ${\it Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drows in experiments or a constant of the contract of the$ 

dizziness May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water spray or fog may also be effective for extinguishing if swept across the base of the fire. Water can also be used to absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire.



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**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media** 

No data available

#### 5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.

#### **5.3** Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:

Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained toxic breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Flammable component(s) of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface. Use water spray/fog for cooling. **Hazardous combustion products:** Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Calcium oxides, Oxides of nitrogen

### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

#### 6.2 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to appropriate waste containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Collect and discard in accordance with local, state and national regulations. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area.

### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Follow all protective equipment recommendations provided in Section 8. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

### 7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Safe storage conditions:

Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed. Store in a cool dry place. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid/

Chemical

**Incompatibility:** Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids



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# **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available:

Chemical Component	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH STEL	IDLH
Toluene	200 ppm TWA; Ceiling 300 ppm	20 ppm	No data available	No data available
Acetone	1000 ppm TWA	500 ppm TWA	750 ppm STEL	No data available
Light aromatic solvent naphtha		25 ppm	150 ppm	No data available
Hydrotreated distillate, light		200 ppm 8 hours	No data available	No data available
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25 ppm	25ppm	No data available	No data available
Xylene	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	150 ppm STEL	No data available
Cumene	50 ppm	50 ppm	No data available	No data available

#### 8.1 Exposure Controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

- : Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure.
- : Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash and safety shower.
- : Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used.
- : Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits
- : Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

**Respiratory Protection:** 

Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. If an exposure limit is exceeded provide respiratory protection. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.

Eye Protection:

Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** 

Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before

eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Gloves:

Impervious rubber

General hygiene conditions:

Follow all protective equipment recommendations provided in Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.



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# **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Vapor Density	>1 (Air=1)	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	>1 (n-Butyl Acetate=1)
Viscosity	10000 cP	Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Melting Point	Not Available
Physical State	Liquid	Freezing Point	Not Available
Appearance / Color	Black	Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available
Odor	Solvent Odor	Flash Point	< 4 °F( -16 °C)
Volatiles, % by weight:	64.5	Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available
VOC, Material, lb/gal	4.8	Relative density: Solubility(ies):	0.95
VOC, Material, grams/liter	575.8	Solubility(ies):	Negligible; 0-1%
VOC minus exempt solvents&water, g/l	472	Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	600
рН	No data available	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No data available

# **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

**Reactivity** Not expected to be reactive

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

**10.3** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

**Hazardous Reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

**Conditions to Avoid** : Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated temperatures. Contamination. High temperatures.

**10.5** Incompatible Materials

LC50 Inhalation (Rat)

 Materials to Avoid
 : Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

#### **10.6** Hazardous Decomposition Products

**Thermal Decomposition** : Under normal conditions of use & storage, decomposition and hazardous decomposition products are unlikely.

# **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
LC50 Oral (Rat)	5000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	(4h) Rat 18000 MG/M3	
Cumene		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	2260 mg/kg	
Xylene		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	(4h) Rat 6700 ppm	
Toluene		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5580 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12267 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	(4h) Rat > 20 mg/L	

(4h) Rat = 3670 ppm



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Acetone	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal (Guinea Pig)	Guinea pig > 7426 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	(4h) Rat = 32000 ppm

Hydrotreated distillate, light	
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5.17 g/kg
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	(4h) Rat > 5.2 mg/L

Is the hazardous chemical listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or has it been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA?:

Chemical Name	OSHA Carcinogen	IARC Carcinogen	NTP Carcinogen
Xylene	N	Υ	N
Cumene	N	Υ	N

**Routes Of Exposure** 

: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Ingestion Toxicity:
Skin Contact:

: Harmful if swallowed. Not believed to have any significant toxicity.

 $: \ \ \textit{Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.} \ \textit{Not likely to cause permanent damage}.$ 

**Inhalation Toxicity:** : Likely to be toxic based on animal data. Can cause systemic damage.

Eye Contact:

: Can cause severe irritation. Eye contact may result in corneal injury. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Temporary vision impairment (cloudy or blurred vision) is possible.

Sensitization:: None knownMutagenicity:: No data

Reproductive and Developmental

Toxicity:

: Animal studies indicate that a component of this product might have the potential to cause reproductive harm in humans. No direct evidence that the substance is a reproductive hazard to humans exists however.
: Cumene has shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals, but the relevance to humans is uncertain. Xylene

Carcinogenicity:

Aspiration hazard:

has caused cancer in laboratory animals, but the relevance to humans is uncertain.

: Classification has been based on toxicological information of the components in Section 3.

: Classification has been based on toxicological information of the components in Section 3.

STOT-single exposure: STOT-repeated exposure:

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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# **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **12.1** Ecological Toxicity Data:

12.1 Leological Toxicity Data.		
Toluene		
CAS#	108-88-3	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) Daphnia = 6 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	EC50(96HR) ALGAE > 433 ppm	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) FISH = 5.5 mg/L	
Acetone		
CAS#	67-64-1	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	LC50(48HR) WATER FLEA = 12600 - 12700 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	No data available	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	No data available	
Light aromatic solvent naphtha		
CAS#	64742-95-6	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) WATER FLEA = 6.14 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	No data available	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) FISH = 58 mg/L	
Hydrotreated distillate, light		
CAS#	68410-97-9	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) Daphnia 1 - 10 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	EC50(72HR) ALGAE 1 - 10 mg/L	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) FISH 1 - 10 mg/L	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
CAS#	95-63-6	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) WATER FLEA = 3.6 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	No data available	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) FLATHEAD MINNOW 7.72 mg/L	
Xylene		
CAS#	1330-20-7	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) WATER FLEA 90 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	No data available	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) RAINBOW TROUT 19000 ul/l	
Cumene		
CAS#	98-82-8	
Aquatic EC50 Crustacea	EC50(48 HR) WATER FLEA 2.14 mg/L	
Aquatic ERC50 Algae	EC50(72HR) GREEN ALGAE 2.6 mg/L	
Aquatic LC50 Fish	LC50(96 HR) RAINBOW TROUT 4.8 mg/L	

Persistence and degradability: No data

Bioaccumulative potential:

No data available

Mobility in soil:

No data available

Other adverse effects (such as hazardous

to the ozone layer):

No data available



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# **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **13.1** Waste Treatment Methods

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging:

: Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste.

: Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial regulations.

Waste codes / waste

designations: : D001

# **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

Full shipping name for Export, Air, Sea (any quantity

UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, PG II

unless flash pt. >150ºF) or vessels of 119 GL or more

**Domestic Ground in vessels < 119 gal.**UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, PG II

# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Status of formula components on selected national regulatory inventories:

LIST STATUS

**TSCA** All components in this product are on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.

Canadian DSL All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing

on the Canadian DSL.

Chemical Name	CAS #	Regulation	Percent	
Toluene	108-88-3	California Prop 65	30 - 50	
Carbon black (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)	1333-86-4	California Prop 65	0.5 - 1.5	
Cumene	98-82-8	California Prop 65	0.1 - 1	
Benzene	71-43-2	California Prop 65	<0.1	
Toluene	108-88-3	CERCLA	30 - 50	
Acetone	67-64-1	CERCLA	10 - 30	
Cumene	98-82-8	CERCLA	0.1 - 1	
Toluene	108-88-3	SARA 313	30 - 50	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	SARA 313	1 - 5	
No SARA 302 EHS-listed chemicals in this product.		SARA EHS		