

Revision Date 07/14-2020

UNDERCOATING IN A CAN

BLACK WAX RUST PREVENTATIVE COATING

(Non-Aerosol Container)

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identification used on label

Product identifier

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Emergency telephone number Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

UNDERCOATING IN A CAN BLACK WAX

Undercoating In A Can 454 South Main Street

Wilkes Barre, PA 18703 570-822-1151

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300

Corrosion Preventative Compound

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols



GHS Classification Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2B

Flammable Liquid Category 3

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) -

Single Exposure Category 3

Warning

Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin and eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Signal Word

Hazard Statements

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot

surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static

discharge.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at

rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you

feel unwell.

Specific treatment: None known

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse.

Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth

for extinction.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly

closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulation for

hazardous wastes.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS#	%
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	50 -70

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Response

Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and
	obtain medical advice.

Eyes Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to

prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical

attention.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. **Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical

Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration

into lungs.

Note to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

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Extinguishing media

Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied to the fire. Do not direct a water stream directly into the hot burning liquid.

Fire and/or Explosion Hazards

Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.

Fire Fighting Methods and Protection

Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Hydrocarbons, Sulfur compounds

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective
equipment and emergency procedures

Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to appropriate waste containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Collect and discard in accordance with local, state and national regulations.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handlin

Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed.Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong alkalies

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials

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SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>ACGIH TLV</u> <u>ACGIH STEL</u> <u>OSHA PEL</u>

Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum) 100 ppm 500 ppm

Engineering Measures Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when

handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne

levels below recommended exposure limits

Respiratory Protection Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use

respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work

place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.

Eye Protection Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.

Do not wear contact lenses.

Skin Protection Not normally considered a skin hazard. Where use of product can result in skin contact,

practice good personal hygiene and wear a barrier cream and/or impervious surgical style gloves. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before

eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Solvent Odor

Gloves Chemically resistant gloves

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties (Typical, not specification)

Physical State Liquid Color Black

Odor ThresholdNo data availablepHNo data availableMelting Point, °CNo data availableBoiling Point, °CNo data availableFlash Point105.8 °F (41 °C)Evaporation RateNo data availableFlammability (Solid, Gas)No data availableLower Flammable/Explosive Limit,No data available

% in air

Odor

Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, No data available

% in air

Vapor Pressure 2 mmHg Vapor Density >1 (Air=1) Specific Gravity @ 25°C 0.89

Solubility in WaterNegligible; 0-1%Octanol/Water Partition CoefficientNo data availableAutoignition TemperatureNo data available

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Decomposition TemperatureNo data available
Viscosity
600 - 900 cP

Volatiles, % by weight 62 VOC, lb/gal 4.7 VOC, grams/liter 563.8

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization

will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactionsUnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Contamination. Elevated temperatures.

Incompatible materialsStrong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong alkaliesHazardous decomposition productsDecomposition and hazardous decomposition products are

unlikely.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Likely Routes of EntryInhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure Central Nervous System

Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity

No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity.

Medical Conditions Aggravated Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory

disease including asthma and bronchitis

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure

Inhalation Irritation Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and

headache.Other possible symptoms include; wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary edema (fluid build-up in lungs). Harmful! Can cause severe irritation or burns and lung inflammation. Central nervous system effects such as dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, and unconsciousness are possible. Other possible symptoms include;

wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary edema (fluid build-up in lungs).

Skin Contact Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.

Eye Contact Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure

eye tissue.

Ingestion Irritation Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical

pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Ingestion Toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP OR OSHA.

Inhalation Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation,

dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

Skin Contact Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and

dermatītīs.

Ingestion Under normal industrial usage conditions, ingestion is highly unlikely.

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Component Toxicology Data

Chemical Name CAS Number LD50/LC50

Hydrotreated light distillate 64742-47-8 Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

(Petroleum) Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat > 20 mg/L

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Overview No ecological information available

MobilityNo dataPersistenceNo dataBioaccumulationNo dataDegradabilityNo data

Ecotoxicity Data

Chemical Name CAS Number Aquatic EC50 Aquatic ERC50 Aquatic LC50

Crustacea Algae Fish

No data available

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste Description for Spent Product Spent or discarded material may be a hazardous waste.

Disposal Methods Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial

regulations.

Waste Disposal Code(s) D001

SECTION 14 Transport information

Full shipping name for UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., (Naphtha Solvent), 3, PG III,

Export, Air, Sea (any quantity unless flash pt. >150°F) or vessels of 119 GL or more

Domestic Ground in vessels < Not Regulated

119 gal.

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

TSCA Status All components in this product are on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.

Canadian DSL All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the

status: Canadian DSL.

Chemical Name CAS # Regulation Percent

No 313-listed chemicals in this product SARA 313

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision 08-10-2015

Date

Disclaimer Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, it is furnished without warranty

of any kind. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of

use, handling, and storage.

Version Original

Comments Approved: M. Longo